

Calibration Equipment

With a 1507 Calibration Kit, the accuracy of your torque analyzer can be verified or a complete on-site calibration can be performed by Mesa or the plant operator.

Contained in this kit is a precision Calibration Beam, a ball bearing load support assembly and the necessary hardware to use this kit.



The weights required for performing a calibration are not included in the kit but may be purchased from Mesa Labs.

A set of weights should be selected in accordance with the information on this sheet. All Mesa Labs supplied weights are shipped with the appropriate certification of accuracy. Please note that if your requirements include a NIST certification, please contact your sales representative.

The Calibration Beam is manufactured to a tolerance that will insure an accuracy of +/- 0.02%. In addition, a certificate insuring the traceability of these dimensions to NIST is supplied.

```
Serial#: 11-0000  
Date: 01/01/11(12:00)  
Units: lb/in
```

CALIBRATION CHART

```
01/01/11 12:00 Open: 5.10 lb/in  
01/01/11 12:00 Open: 10.08 lb/in  
01/01/11 12:00 Open: 14.97 lb/in  
01/01/11 12:00 Open: 20.01 lb/in  
01/01/11 12:00 Close: 4.83 lb/in  
01/01/11 12:00 Close: 9.96 lb/in  
01/01/11 12:00 Close: 14.76 lb/in  
01/01/11 12:00 Close: 19.74 lb/in
```

A calibration chart similar to the one shown here can be produced by using this kit and following the procedure outlined in the Model 1600 Operator's Manual.

Selecting the Correct Weights

In order to perform a complete calibration, the user should have three weights. These weights in conjunction with the disk should represent 25%, 50% and 75% of the maximum capacity of the torque analyzer that is to be calibrated. 75% and 25% combine to achieve the 100% value.

The following example shows how to calculate the values of the weights for a particular application.

1. Determine value of torque analyzer to be calibrated (i.e. full scale, maximum capacity).
2. Compute torque in lb-in for 25%, 50% and 75% (multiply full scale torque by percent = torque in lb/in).
3. Compute weight in/lbs (divide torque in lb/in by radius of beam = weight in lbs).
4. Radius of calibration disk = 4.0000 inches.

Example:

- Torque meter full scale 30 lb/in.
- $25\% \times 30 \text{ lb-in} = 7.5 \text{ lb-in}$.
- $7.5 \div 4 = 1.875 \text{ lbs}$.
- 1.875 lb. weight required for 25% calibration point.
- 3.75 lb. weight required for 50% calibration point.

TORQUE CAPACITY	CALIBRATION WEIGHTS (lbs)							
	5 in-lb	10 in-lb	20 in-lb	30 in-lb	40 in-lb	50 in-lb	100 in-lb	200 in-lb
25%	0.3125	0.625	1.250	1.875	2.500	3.125	6.250	12.500
50%	0.625	1.250	2.500	3.750	5.000	6.250	12.500	25.000
75%	0.9375	1.875	3.750	5.625	7.500	9.375	18.750	37.500
100%	1.250	2.500	5.000	7.500	10.000	12.500	25.000	50.000

DASH No.	
-1	2.5
-2	7.5
-3	10.0
-4	1.25
-5	3.75
-6	5.0
-7	11.25
-8	15.0
-9	25.0
-10	3.125
-11	6.25
-12	9.375
-13	12.5
-14	18.75
-15	0.625
-16	4.375
-17	1.875
-18	5.625
-19	8.75
-20	13.125